(operating as WaterAid Canada)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

(operating as WaterAid Canada)

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of WaterCan/Eau vive Corporation

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of WaterCan/Eau vive Corporation (the Corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.







As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario June 22, 2023

Maril Ravallee

(operating as WaterAid Canada)

# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Grants and contributions Global Affairs Canada One Drop Foundation WaterAid America WaterAid UK Canada Emergency Business Account Pathy Family Foundation	\$ 2,468,389 381,061 118,541 39,474 20,000	\$ 1,872,833 329,412 90,359 94,734 - 215,745
Donations Investment income	3,027,465 1,188,407 4,185	2,603,083 981,219 21,358
	4,220,057	3,605,660
EXPENSES		
Programming (Schedule A) Fundraising (Schedule B) Canadian administration (Schedule C)	3,449,895 502,885 242,335	2,905,095 523,138 164,441
	4,195,115	3,592,674
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 24,942	\$ 12,986

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(operating as WaterAid Canada)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Un	restricted	Reserve Fund	2023 Total	2022 Total
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	671,237	\$ 325,000	\$ 996,237	\$ 983,251
Excess of revenues over expenses		24,942	-	24,942	12,986
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	696,179	\$ 325,000	\$ 1,021,179	\$ 996,237

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

MARCH 31, 2023 5

		<u> </u>
2023		2022
\$ 2,526,662 9,035 86,429 -	\$	1,959,354 9,304 84,509 12,435 146,924
2,622,126		2,212,526
579		1,434
\$ 2,622,705	\$	2,213,960
\$ 60,000 494,222 1,047,304	\$	126,238 585,150 446,335
1,601,526		1,157,723
-		60,000
1,601,526		1,217,723
696,179		671,237
325,000		325,000
1,021,179		996,237
\$ 2,622,705	\$	2,213,960
\$	\$ 2,526,662 9,035 86,429 - - 2,622,126 579 \$ 2,622,705 \$ 60,000 494,222 1,047,304 1,601,526 - 1,601,526 696,179 325,000 1,021,179	\$ 2,526,662 \$ 9,035 86,429

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Martin Munro Sylvain Dufour \_\_\_\_\_\_, Director \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Director

(operating as WaterAid Canada)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 24,942	\$ 12,986
Adjustments for: Amortization of capital assets Grant - Canada Emergency Business Account	855 (20,000)	3,193 -
	5,797	16,179
Net change in non-cash items related to operating activities: Accounts receivable Advances to projects Grants and contributions receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to projects Deferred grants, contributions, and donations	(1,920) 12,435 146,924 - (66,238) (90,928) 600,969 601,242 607,039	(29,124) 15,158 (64,116) 5,410 (35,747) 121,146 (1,581,503) (1,568,776) (1,552,597)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Net change in investments  Acquisition of capital assets	269	90,560 (789)
·	269	89,771
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term debt Repayment of long-term debt	- (40,000)	60,000
	(40,000)	60,000
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	567,308	(1,402,826)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,959,354	3,362,180
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,526,662	\$ 1,959,354

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Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023 7

### 1. STATUTE AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The mission of WaterCan/Eau vive Corporation, operating as WaterAid Canada (the Corporation), is to help citizens of developing countries build sustainable water supply and sanitation services, and to encourage Canadians to lend support. The Corporation is incorporated as a not-for-profit organization under the Canada Not-for-Profit Corporations Act, and, as a registered charity, is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Corporation applies the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts recognized as revenues and expenses for the periods covered. Actual results may differ from these estimates. In preparing the financial statements, the amount of expenses relating to international projects is recorded based on reports submitted by the country programs. Since these expenses are subject to audit by the funder or sponsor and that these audits can be carried out during the course of the project, the amount of expenses claimed is assumed to be admissible under these agreements and the final actual amount may differ from the amount initially recorded.

#### Revenue recognition

The Corporation follows the deferral method of accounting for grants, contributions, and restricted donations. Under this method, grants, contributions, and restricted donations for future period expenses are deferred and are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. These revenues may be repayable if not utilized within their respective programs.

Unrestricted donations are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, provided that the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection reasonably assured.

Investment revenues are recognized when earned.

#### Contribution receivable

A contribution receivable is recognized as an asset when the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and ultimate collection is reasonably assured.

#### **Contributed services**

The Corporation would not be able to carry out its activities without the services of the many volunteers who donate a considerable number of hours. Because of the inherent difficulty in compiling these hours, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2023

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### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Allocated expenses

The Corporation allocates a portion of its salaries and benefits as well as its administration expenses to the international, the public engagement, and the fundraising programs by identifying the appropriate basis of allocating each component and applies that basis consistently each year.

Salaries and benefits are allocated to each program based on estimated time spent on each program or based on actual time worked on projects and programs. Administration expenses are allocated on the basis of the approved budget which are based on the actual needs of the Corporation.

### Cash and cash equivalents

The Corporation's policy is to present bank balances, including bank indebtedness with balances that can fluctuate from being positive to overdrawn, under cash and cash equivalents.

### Capital assets

Capital assets are accounted for at cost. Amortization is calculated on their respective estimated useful life using the straight-line method over the following periods:

Furniture and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

#### Write-down of capital assets

When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Corporation's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to residual value, if any. The excess of its net carrying amount over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations.

### Translation of foreign currency transactions and items

The Corporation uses the temporal method to translate its foreign currency transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Other assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate of the year. Exchange gains and losses are included in the statement of operations.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Financial instruments**

Initial measurement

The Corporation initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the Corporation is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost.

### Subsequent measurement

The Corporation subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value of these financial instruments are recognized in operations in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, advances to projects, and grants and contributions receivable.

Financial assets measured at fair value include investments.

### **Impairment**

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Corporation determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there are, and the Corporation determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in operations. If the indicators of impairment have decreased or no longer exist, the previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in operations.

#### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2023	2022
WaterAid America HST receivable Other	\$ 59,270 21,016 6,143	\$ 26,998 48,119 9,392
	\$ 86,429	\$ 84,509

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

			2023	2022
		Accumulated	Net	Net
	Cost	amortization	book value	book value
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment	\$ 21,778 18,378	\$ 21,594 17,983	\$ 184 395	\$ 913 521
	\$ 40,156	\$ 39,577	\$ 579	\$ 1,434

The amortization expense on capital assets is \$855 (2022: \$3,193).

### 5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	2023	2022
Suppliers and accrued liabilities WaterAid UK	\$ 60,000	\$ 56,838 69,400
	\$ 60,000	\$ 126,238

### 6. DEFERRED GRANTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, AND DONATIONS

The deferred grants, contributions, and donations represent restricted funding that is related to the subsequent year and are detailed as follows:

		2023		2022
Global Affairs Canada - Right to Play - SHARE Project	\$	406,159	\$	_
Global Affairs Canada - HerWASH SRHR Project	•	392,585	•	410,858
One Drop Foundation - Project Boond		226,926		17,407
Amref Health Africa in Canada - Tanzania Project		15,484		18,070
Foundations - Right to Play - SHARE Project		6,150		_
	\$	1,047,304	\$	446,335

The change in deferred grants, contributions, and donations during the year is as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of the year Plus: Amount granted during the year Less: Amount recognized as revenue in the year	\$ 446,335 3,643,299 (3,042,330)	\$ 2,027,838 693,844 (2,275,347)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,047,304	\$ 446,335

(operating as WaterAid Canada)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2023	2022
Canada Emergency Business Account, repaid during the year	\$ -	\$ 60,000

#### 8. INTERNAL RESTRICTIONS

The Reserve Fund is intended to set aside funds to cover severance and other legal obligations in the event WaterAid Canada ceases operations.

### 9. ALLOCATED EXPENSES

Salaries and benefits and administration expenses have been allocated as follows:

	Salaries and benefits			Administrative expenses			
	2023		2022		2023		2022
Programming	\$ 691,125	\$	652,043	\$	105,639	\$	66,467
Fundraising	380,656		394,504		64,658		58,378
Canadian administration	131,194		123,908		91,844		42,872
	\$ 1,202,975	\$	1,170,455	\$	262,141	\$	167,717

### 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

As of March 31, 2023, assets include cash of \$287,801 (2022: \$37,672) in US dollars, which have been converted into Canadian dollars.

### 11. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

Under the terms of the contribution agreements signed with its funders, the Corporation is committed to finance a specific percentage of the projects' total eligible direct costs varying from 5% to 9%. The Corporation's commitment for the following year has been estimated by management using the projects' budgets at \$235,000. The actual expenses will differ from this estimate. The Corporation will fund these expenses using its self-generated revenue or using the unrestricted net assets.

(operating as WaterAid Canada)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2023

### 12. CONTINGENCIES

### Other indemnification agreements

In the normal course of operations, the Corporation signs agreements whereby funds are provided for the execution of projects which are subject to restrictions as to the use of the funds. The sponsors of these projects can execute an audit of the financial records of the Corporation to ensure compliance with the project requirements. In the event that amounts to be reimbursed to the sponsor of a project are identified, the necessary adjustments will be recognized in the year they are identified.

### 13. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain figures for 2022 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in 2023.

(operating as WaterAid Canada)

# **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023		2022
SCHEDULE A - PROGRAMMING			
International projects International program operations Public engagement	\$ 2,780,352 456,147 213,396	7 6	2,275,624 425,267 204,204
	\$ 3,449,895		2,905,095
SCHEDULE B - FUNDRAISING			
Fundraising operations Direct mail New donor acquisition	\$ \$ 471,361 17,323 14,201	\$	473,685 10,134 39,319
	\$ 502,885	\$	523,138
SCHEDULE C - CANADIAN ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and benefits Professional fees Office Rent	\$ 131,194 62,220 47,318 1,603	\$	123,908 20,845 18,494 1,194
	\$ 242,335	\$	164,441

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